

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Start each new question on a fresh page.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks
4. Graph paper is provided by request.

Q.1 Attempt the following: (5 X 4 = 20)

a Find the equation of a line having slope 5 and passing through the point (0,1).

b Find the derivative of the following w.r.t x if

i) $y = x^8 + 30 + \frac{1}{x^4}$ ii) $y = 3^x + e^x$

c If $f(x) = 2x$ and $g(x) = x + 10$, find $f(g(x))$ and $g(f(x))$.

d Evaluate the following integrals:

i) $\int (e^x + 5 + \frac{1}{x} + x^2) dx$

OR

Q.I Attempt the following: (5 X 4 = 20)

v Find the coordinates of the point dividing the segment joining the points (1, 2), (3, 4) internally in the ratio 2:5.

w Find the derivative of the following w.r.t x if

i) $y = x^{-6} - \sqrt{x}$ ii) $y = x(\log x)$.

x If $f(x) = x^2 + 3$ and if $f(x + 1) = f(x - 1)$, find x .

y Evaluate the following integrals:

i) $\int_1^6 (\log x + \frac{3}{x}) dx$

Q.2 Attempt the following: (5 X 4 = 20)

a Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 + 4x - 12}{x - 2}$.

b If the total cost function is given by $C = 4x^2 + 5$, find the average cost and marginal cost when $x = 5$.

c Solve graphically, the following L.P. Problem.

Maximize $z = 800x + 300y$

subject to : $4x + 6y \leq 120$, $10x + 3y \leq 180$, $x \geq 0$, $y \geq 0$.

d For the function $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$. Find f_x and f_y at (1, 2).

OR

Q.II Attempt the following: (5 X 4 = 20)

v If f is continuous at $x = 3$ where

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x^2 - x + a & 0 \leq x \leq 3 \\ &= 5x & 3 < x \leq 4 \end{aligned}$$

find a .

w Find out when $f(x) = x^3 - 27x + 10$ is increasing and decreasing on \mathbf{R} .

x Formulate the LPP:

A company produces soft drinks that have a contract which requires that a minimum of 80 units of the chemical A and 60 units of the chemical B to be present in each bottle of the drink. The chemicals are available in a prepared mix from two suppliers S and T. Supplier S has a mix of 4 units of A and 2 units of B that cost Rs. 10. Supplier T has a mix of 1 unit of A and 1 unit of B that costs Rs. 4. How many mixes from S and T should the company purchase to minimize the cost and honor the contract requirements?

y For $f(x, y) = 2x^2 + 3xy$, find $f(x, y)$, when

$$(i) x = 2 \quad (ii) y = 1 \quad (iii) (x, y) = (2, 1).$$

Q.3 Attempt the following: (5 X 4 = 20)

a Find the simple interest on the amount Rs. 2000 invested for 2 years at rate of 10% per annum?

b Find the equation of a line passing through the point (0, 6) and B (-5, 0).

c The marginal cost function of manufacturing x units of a product is $5 + 16x - 3x^2$. Find the total cost function if fixed cost is Rs. 100.

d If $y = 6x^2 + 2x + 1$. Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$.

OR

Q.III Attempt the following: (5 X 4 = 20)

v Find the present value of an annuity of Rs. 3,500 per year for 3 years at 12% per annum.

w Show that P(1,4), Q (4,6) and R (10,10) are collinear.

x If a marginal revenue function is given as $MR = 10x^2 + 6x - 3$, find an expression for the total revenue function (TR).

y Find the extreme values of the function $f(x) = x^4 - 4x$.

Q.4 Attempt the following: (5 X 4 = 20)

a A bank has decided to collect Fixed Deposit at the rate of 12% p.a., to be compounded half yearly basis. Find the effective rate of interest.

b Find the equation of the line through (3,1) and parallel to the line with equation $2x-y=4$.

c If marginal revenue (MR) =50 and the elasticity of demand w.r.t price is 5, find the price.

d If the demand function for a certain commodity is $80 - 3x^2$, find the demand consumer's surplus at $x = 5$.

OR

Q.IV Attempt the following (5 X 4 = 20)

v Find the sum borrowed by Mohit from a bank on compound interest at 5% per year, to be calculated annually, if he had to pay back Rs. 26,460 after 2 years

w AB is the diameter of a circle with center C. If A= (1,-2) and C= (-3,4), find the coordinates of B.

x A manufacturer sells x items at a price $p=310-x$. The total cost of producing these items is $C(x) = x^2 + 30x + 5$. Find x for which the profit is maximized.

y Evaluate: $\int_1^2 (1 + x^2 - x^3) dx$.