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Shree Damodar College of Commerce & Economics, Margao-Goa  
FYBBA, Term II REPEAT, End Term Assessment-March 2024

**International Relations (BBON023)**

**Duration: 1.5 hours**

**Maximum Marks: 25**

- Instructions: 1. Start each question on a fresh page.  
2. Figures to the right indicate maximum marks.**
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**Q1. Answer any THREE the following questions.**

**(03\*02=06 marks)**

- a) Sri Lanka reached out to the International Monetary Fund (IMF) seeking help due to its worst economic crisis since its independence. According to IMF, Sri Lanka will receive an economic assistance worth \$2.9 billion. What is the role of IMF in the global economy?
- b) The Indian National Security Council (NSC) is an executive government body entrusted with providing strategic and national security advice to the Prime Minister's Office. Identify the prominent members of India's National Security Council?
- c) A country's foreign policy is a document that is continuously monitored by international diplomats. What makes a country's foreign policy important?
- d) Pakistan is heading towards another crisis situation as prices of pulses are going up day-by-day. What type of security crisis was Pakistan going through in 2023?

**Q2. Answer the following questions.**

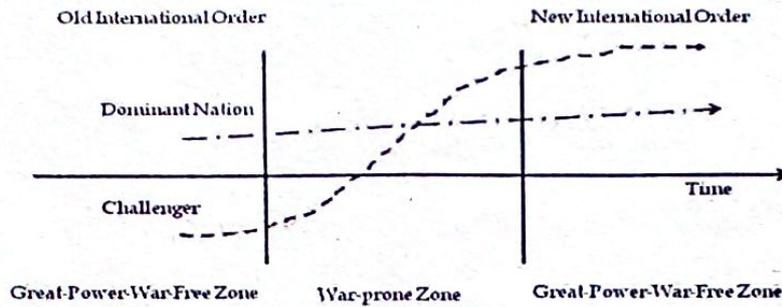
**(03\*04= 12 marks)**

- a) Indian army day 2023 was recently celebrated on 15th January 2023. The mission of the Indian Army is to ensure national security defend the nation from external aggression and internal threats, and maintain peace and security within its borders. Discuss any 4 types of security that a nation caters to.
- b) During the post-World War II period, we had a relatively stable world order. Then came the bipolar world with the Cold War between the two poles. With the disappearance of one of the poles – when the Soviet Union disintegrated into 15 states in the early 1990s – the world order started to be perceived as a unipolar world. However, this idea was challenged from the beginning, and now it appears that we are far from a unipolar world. Differentiate between Unipolar, Bipolar and Multipolar system?

c) From Jawaharlal Nehru's idealism to Narendra Modi's pragmatism, Indian foreign policy has traversed a significant distance. After the second World War one of the major principles of India's Foreign policy was non-alignment. Elucidate the three principles of the Idealistic policy.

**Q3. Answer the following questions.**

a)



**Figure 2-2. Logic of War and Peace in Power Transitions.**

Interpret the above diagram with respect to the Power Transition theory.

**(4 marks)**

b) Following the world wars, the world saw the fall of colonialism and the rise of young democratic sovereign states. After that, the fall of the Soviet Union marked the fall of communism in the international sphere as well as the rise of independent states that used to be part of the union. These states, much like the majority of other states in the world, have also adopted a democratic system to replace the former authoritarian system. Illustrate the 3 theories on which the Democratic Peace Theory is based on.

**(3 marks)**